Name $\qquad$
Reactions of Hydrocarbons
Experiment \#2

Experiment \#2
Pre-Lab Exercise

1. How would you describe the difference between saturated and unsaturated hydrocarbons and what is a distinguishing feature of aromatic hydrocarbons.
2. Describe the relative reactivity of alkanes, alkenes and aromatic hydrocarbons with respect to their chemical reactions. You may want to give some examples in your answer.
3. Alkanes find many commercial uses. Give at least 3 commercial uses for alkanes and name one alkane that is used as you describe. You may want to give the names of 3 specific alkanes and describe how each is used.
4. Safety in the Laboratory should be read before beginning experiments for the semester. It mentions that glassware should be cleaned at the end of each experiment and gives one particular reason for doing this. What is that reason?

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Name $\qquad$ Section $\qquad$

## Reactions of Hydrocarbons

Experiment \#2

## Data \& Report Sheet

Table 1. Observations for reactions with $\mathrm{KmnO}_{4}$, bromine and test for aromatic hydrocarbons.
Part A.
Baeyers Test with $\mathrm{KMnO}_{4}$

Part B.
Reaction with
Bromine
Part C.
Reaction with Chloroform $/ \mathrm{AlCl}_{3}$

| $\#$ <br> 1 | Hexane |  |  | ***** |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\#$ <br> 2 | Cyclo- <br> hexane |  |  |  |
| $\#$ <br> 3 | Hexene |  |  |  |
| $\#$ <br> 4 | Cyclo- <br> hexene |  |  | $* * * * *$ |
| $\#$ <br> 5 |  |  |  |  |
| m-Xylene |  |  |  |  |
| $\#$ <br> 6 | Unknown |  |  |  |

Unknown Number $\qquad$

Type of Hydrocarbon for Unknown $\qquad$
Answer questions on back of page

## Questions

1. Did you observe any differences between the reactivity of cycloalkanes or cylcoalkenes relative to the straight chain hydrocarbons in any of the tests where they were compared? Describe any differences you did observe.
2. Should the cyclic compounds behave differently in these tests compared to the straight chain compounds? Explain why or why not.
3. Do you expect the aromatic hydrocarbons to react in a similar way to the cyclic alkenes, since they are both cyclic compounds and have a double bond? Explain.
