## Long Island University, Department of Chemistry

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Exam 1, 100 pts, Spring, 2011

- 1. Identify the following molecule based on its, formula ( $C_9H_{12}O$ ), IR and proton NMR. IR: 3500 3200 cm<sup>-1</sup>. <sup>1</sup>H NMR:  $\delta$  1.62, 3H, doublet; 2.2, 3H, singlet; 4.2, 1H, singlet; 4.85, 1H, quartet; 7.2, 2H, doublet,; 7.4, 2H, doublet. (10 pts)
- 2. Give the product of the following reactions. It is not necessary to show the full mechanism. Be sure to show the stereochemistry where appropriate. (40 pts)

3. For the following reactions, give the product(s) and the complete reactions mechanisms by which they are formed. Pay careful attention to stereochemistry where appropriate. (30 pts)

(a) 2 OH 
$$H_2SO_4$$
 (b)  $CH_3CH_2-C\equiv C-H$   $CH_3MgBr$  A then,  $H_3O^+$  B

(c) SH NaOH C D

4. Show how the following transformation occurs, giving all of the steps of the mechanism. (10 pts)

5. Synthesize **two** of the following three molecules as shown. For extra credit do all three. (20 pts)

(a) 
$$CH_3$$
  $CH_2$   $CH_2$   $CH_2$   $CH_3$  (b)  $CH_3$   $CH_3$   $CH_3$   $CH_3$   $CH_2$   $CH_3$   $CH_3$