Name

L.I.U.

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Quiz 2, 50 pts, Spring, 2011

1. Name the following compounds. (10 pts)

(a)
$$CH_3$$
— CH — CH — CH — CH — CH

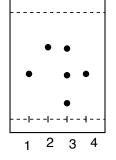
$$\begin{array}{ccc} & & \text{O} & \text{Br} \\ \text{II} & \text{I} \\ \text{(b)} & \text{CH}_3 - \text{C} - \text{CH} - \text{CH} - \text{CH} - \text{CH}_2 \text{CH}_3 \\ \text{I} & \text{I} \\ \text{CH}_3 & \text{OH} \\ \end{array}$$

2. Give the product of the following reactions, showing the complete reaction mechanism in each case. (20 pts)

(b)
$$O$$
 CH_3 H_3O^+ H_2O heat

3. For the preparation of p-nitroaniline (a) show all three steps of the reaction. You do not need to include the mechanisms. Briefly explain the purpose of the following: (b) putting the acetyl group on the aniline in step one (c) adding the ammonium hydroxide (NH₄OH) after the acid hydrolysis at the end of step 3. (10 pts)

4. Look at the following tlc plate and answer the questions. (a) Was the non-recrystallize material one pure compound? Briefly explain. How many compounds were present and what were they? (b) Was the recrystallization successful in purifying the product? Explain. (c) In the actual experiment, we recrystallized the nitroaniline product from water. Which compound, *othro*- or *para*-nitroaniline is less soluble in water? Explain briefly. (10 pts)



Lane 1 pure para-nitroaniline

Lane 2 pure ortho-nitroaniline

Lane 3 non-recrystallized product

Lane 4 recrystallized product